THE DEMOCRAT-LEADER.

VOL. 5. NO. 45. PORT ANGELES, CLALLAM COUNTY, WASHINGTON, MARCH 8, 1895. PRICE FIVE CENTS

LOOKING TO CLALLAM

As a Desirable Location for a New Home.

DIVISION BILL AS INTRODUCED.

A Representative Will Soon Arrive to Spy Out the Ground—Summary of Seever's Bill Introduced in the House, Which Provides for the Organization of New Counties—Its Passage Devoutly Wished by Citizens of Western Clallam and Jefferson.

The following letter recently received by Postmaster Hooker was given to THE DEMOCRAT-LEADER with the request that the information sought be given through its columns:

SALT LAKE CITY, Utah, Feb. 18, 1895—*To the Postmaster: Dear Sir*—Will you kindly answer the following questions:

First—How long does the rainy season last in the western part of the state?

Second—Do you have any snow and is it cold in the winter?

Third—Are there any farming lands in the western part of Clallam county subject to homestead entry?

Fourth—Is it timbered or prairie land; mountainous, hilly or level?

E. L. M.

First—The wet season usually begins in November and continues spasmodically until the first of April. The present has been an exceedingly dry season, the weather clear, the air pure and salubrious.

Second—Yes; but snow in western Washington is an alien, and has only succeeded in proving very conclusively that it cannot adapt itself to the climate. During a residence in the state of nineteen years the writer but once remembers the snow having remained on the ground for more than two weeks, then it remained for thirty days, which occurred during the winter of 1892-93, at which time it fell to a greater depth than ever before in the experience of the oldest inhabitant. The thermometer at the time fell to two degrees below zero. The present winter has simply been delightful. There was a slight fall of snow in January, which quickly vanished, since, the weather has been almost uninterruptedly mild and clear.

Third—Yes; thousands of acres of government land await the settler in Western Clallam. The vast area of unoccupied government land is far a great part unsurveyed, while some of the townships have within the past two years been surveyed.

Fourth—The land is mostly timbered, the variety of which is fir, cedar, hemlock, maple and alder. The fir and cedar is the finest merchantable timber in the world, some of the quarter sections containing from 3,000,000 to 9,000,000 feet.

Fifth—The county is broken; undulating. The Olympic range of mountains separate the eastern from the western portion of the county. Numerous rivers and creeks flow from both the western and the eastern slope of the Olympic (the peaks of some of which are eternally snow capped) range and provide the vast country stretching therefrom with a never-failing supply of pure, clear, mountain water.

The shores of Clallam are washed by the Straits of Juan de Fuca and the Pacific ocean, giving it a continuous shore line of 126 miles.

In natural resources, timber, agriculture, mineral and fisheries (at the present time practically undeveloped) Clallam possesses an unlimited source of wealth.

To the earnest, industrious, determined settler, it offers excellent inducements. Its land is rich; its timber valuable; its many varieties of food fish delicious; its game varied and abundant; its scenery unsurpassed and its climate unexcelled.

There are disadvantages common in a new county, but none which the sturdy, undaunted and industrious settler cannot overcome.

If your friends are desirous of a home in a new county of infinite possibilities, magnificent, varied resources, with a grand future and a healthful, equitable and salubrious climate, Western Washington in general, and Clallam county in particular, are worthy serious consideration.

SEEVERS' BILL.

Providing for the Organization of New Counties.

Seever's bill, designated House Bill, No. 478, providing for the organization of new counties, is now before the legislature. The following is a summary of the bill:

SECTION 1. The inhabitants of any territory having 2,000 people may organize under this act any time by complying with its provisions. Four thousand must remain in county divided.

SEC. 2. Majority of voters must petition county commissioners. Petition shall state boundary, reasons and proposed name.

SEC. 3. Commissioners shall investigate the facts stated and if found as represented shall order a special election held in the territory interested to vote on county officers and county seat. Commissioners shall appoint judges and inspectors of election.

SEC. 4. If the territory is in more than one county, petition shall go to commissioners of each county, who shall order the special election for that portion of each county seeking division.

SEC. 5. Proper notices must be given and election held under general election laws.

SEC. 6. Voters shall elect three county commissioners, sheriff, auditor, treasurer, clerk, surveyor, assessor, school superintendent, attorney, and coroner. Precinct school and road district officers shall hold until their terms expire.

SEC. 7. Returns of election shall be made to the county commissioners of the old county or counties, who shall canvass returns. If there be two or more boards of commissioners interested they shall meet jointly at the county seat nearest the territory voting.

SEC. 8. The board or boards shall report and certify the result, and issue certificates of election.

SEC. 9. The board or boards shall send a report to the governor of all proceedings.

SEC. 10. The governor shall issue proclamation declaring new county organized and in existence on a date named not more than thirty days from date of proclamation.

SEC. 11. Officers-elect in new county shall qualify and furnish bonds according to law.

SEC. 12. New county need not elect a Superior judge. Governor shall assign a judge from adjacent county or judicial district.

SEC. 13. Taxes on property in new county are payable to new county after the governor's proclamation takes effect.

SEC. 14. New county shall be liable for a just proportion of the debt of old county or counties agreed upon by the boards of commissioners of all the counties interested.

SEC. 15. County auditors of all counties interestested are constituted a board of appraisers and adjusters, to appraise and determine the real and personal property owned by each county and to adjust the indebtedness of each. If they cannot agree on a settlement they shall call in a man, not a citizen of the counties interested, to settle their differences.

SEC. 16. The auditor of new county shall have access to records, books, paper, etc., of old county or counties to transcribe same for new county.

SEC. 17. All expenses of organization shall be borne by new county.

SEC. 18. All acts in conflict with this one are hereby repealed.

SHOES

To Fit Slim Pocket Books.

No matter if your purse is a regular double "A" we can fit it with good honest, well wearing shoes. Give you double "E" value at double "A" price. Give us a call, we will please you both in style and price

S. J. LUTZ & CO.,
The New Shoe House.

Every lady should brush her teeth with Minerva Dentine, for sale by J. C. Hansen, Druggist.

Chop feed, 80 cents per sack, at Van Lehn Bros.

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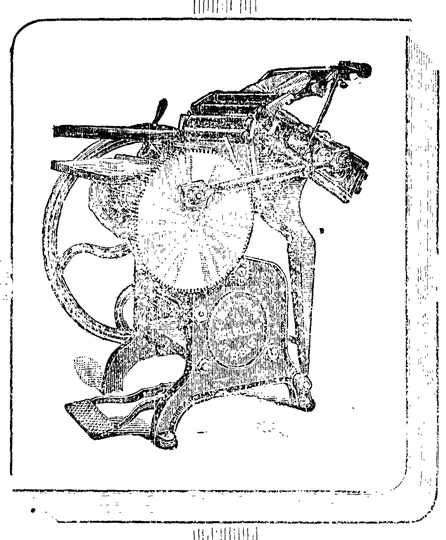
A letter written on a neat Letter Head has its influence. Try it.



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Wedding Cards
Visiting Cards
At Home Cards
Business Cards

AT
ALDWELL'S CIGAR STORE
Can always be found a complete line of Tobaccos, Cigars and Smoker's Article

TAKEN IN CAPTIVITY.

Joseph Hughes is Seized and Bound

BY INDIANS ON THE HOE RIVER

Fourteen Miles Below La Push—His Captors take Him for Clump, the Fugitive Embezzler—The Prisoner is Cruelly and Harshly Treated—Forced to Walk to La Push, Where He is Released When Discovered He is Not the Man.

Joseph Hughes, who recently arrived in this city from La Push, relates an exciting and thrilling experience he encountered on the Hoe river two weeks ago last Monday.

Mr. Hughes left Angeles about a month ago in a small boat for the Hoe river, where he purposed to trap for a few months if prospects were favorable. Shortly after reaching there he met with an accident which materially changed his plans. During a storm he lost his boat. After the accident he started for an Indian village situated on the river about fourten miles from La Push. Arriving there he entered one of the cabins and was quite warmly received. There three Indians and a klootchman in the cabin at the time. A short time after he entered the cabin one of the Indians brought him a copy of Frank Leslie's Illustrated magazine, requesting that he explain the significance of the numerous illustrations with which that periodical is so profusely illustrated. When the philanthrophic but unconscious guest was deeply absorbed in imparting the eagerly sought for information, and at the same time teaching the savage mind to expand and shoot in the broad field of literature and art, the fiendish savages were laying a devilish plot, of which the philanthrophic visitor was soon to become the helpless victim. In almost the twinkling of an eye, and almost before Hughes realized what had happened, he was securely bound hand and foot. The captors then carried he whom into captivity so gracefully had fallen, into a salmon loft, and mercilessly left him to his fate. And what was that to be? The captive pleaded with his cruel captors for an explanation of their rash and unprovoked act, but the entreaties were in vain. They treated the pleadings with the blandest indifference. And in the awful moments of his confinement what mental tortures the prisoner must have suffered. Had these savages caught the "advance" craze? Were they developing cannibalism? Was he to be the first victim of the experimental feast? Barbicued, then smoked to taste in the salmon loft? His worse fears, however, were dispelled, when Wednesday morning arrived, having been in captivity since Monday night. He was then led by his captors from the cheerless prison and forced to walk, bound and chained, to La Push, a distance of 14 miles.

Arriving there he was taken before Wesley Smith. Then the revelation came. It appears the Indians had been instructed to keep a sharp outlook for defaulter Clump, and when Hughes appeared on the scene, they were satisfied that he was the man. Mr. Smith quickly informed the deluded Indians that they had the wrong man, and Hughes was released. Upon capturing him the Indians had rafiled his pockets, but gave back everything when they discovered their mistake.

Mr. Hughes feels very indignant over the harsh and cruel treatment he received at the hands of his captors, and is seeking legal advice.

THE QUILLAYUTE'S MOUTH.

Worthy of Improvement to the Extent of Restoring the Old Channel.

In the opinion of Chief Engineer Casey, Division Engineer Mendell and Capt. Thomas W. Symons, the Quillayute river and harbor are worthy of improvement to the extent of closing the existing entrance and opening the former entrance of the river into the Quillayute harbor. It will cost $200 to make the requisite survey and prepare plans and estimates for the work of improvement. In his report of the examination of Quillayute river and harbor Lieut. Francis R. Shunk says:

"The Quillayute river is in the northwestern portion of the state of Washington, and enters into the Pacific ocean about thirty-five miles south of Cape Flattery. The river properly so-called is only five miles long. Its general course is westerly. It has four principal tributaries — direct or indirect — the Dickodochtedar, Solduck, Calower and Bogachiel. The Quillayute is formed by the union of the Bogachiel and Solduck, five miles above the ocean. Seven miles above this junction the Bogachiel is joined by the Calower, and the Dickodochtedar flows into the Quillayute about half a mile above its mouth."

THE EVANGEL TAKES A BATH.

Is Partially Submerged in Water—Cargo of Shingles and Equipage Damaged.

Last Wednesday morning the Evangel encountered another of her periodical mishaps, from which she was ultimately recovered, not without, however, suffering considerable damage. She was moored at Morse's wharf at the time the accident occurred. It appears that the fireman or night watchman, inadvertently overlooked turning off the water from the siphoon, and while the crew and the passengers peacefully and unconsciously slept, the vessel slowly filled with water. The serious predicament into which those on beard the vessel had been precipitated, through the exceeding carelessness of the employe, was discovered just in time for them to escape, some being compelled to swim from their berths.

She had on board a cargo of shingles from the Filion mill, which, together with her equipage, etc., were damaged to some extent.

Agreeably Surprised.

Mr. A. N. Taylor was agreeably surprised last Friday evening on returning home to find about thirty of the scholars of the high school and other, who had assembled in honor of his birthday. The evening was most delightfully spent with games, music and quotations, and all enjoyed themselves immensely. Refreshments were served at 11:30, after which the uninvited guests departed realizing that there was nothing as delightful as a complete surprise.

DELINQUENT TAXES.

Text of the Measure Just Passed by the State Senate.

The passage by the senate Tuesday of senate bill, No. 275, regarding delinquent taxes, is of the utmost interest to the people. The bill was passed as reported by the committee, with the exception of section 4, which was added. The bill as it passed is:

Lection 1.—All of the penalty and accrued interest shall be remitted on all delinquent state, county and municipal taxes which became due and payable in the years 1893-4, and which shall be paid on or before the first day of July, 1895, and the proper officer shall receive the net amount of such taxes in full satisfaction thereof.

Sec. 2—All of the penalty and one-half the accrued interest shall be remitted on all delinquent state, county and municipal taxes which became due and payable in the years 1893-4, and which shall be paid after the first day of July, 1895, and on or before the first day of December, 1895, and the proper officer shall receive in full satisfaction of such taxes the net amount thereof together with interest thereon at the rate of 10 per cent. per annum from the date when the same became delinquent to the date of the payment.

Sec. 3—One-half the penalty and two-fifths of the accrued interest shall be remitted on all delinquent state, county and municipal taxes which became due and payable in the years of 1893-4, and which shall remain unpaid after the first day of December, 1895, and the proper officer shall receive in full satisfaction of such taxes the net amount thereof together with a penalty of 2½ per cent. thereupon, and together with interest thereon at the rate of 12 per cent per annum from the date when the same became delinqvent to the date of payment.

Sec. 4.—The delinquent tax list shall be published during the month of April, 1896, and where any contracts have been made for the publication of delinquent tax lists prior to such date under existing laws, said contracts shall be extended to cover the publication herein required.

Sec. 6.—That, whereas, great financial stringency exists and many citizens are unable to pay their taxes with the large penalty and interest accrued thereon under the existing laws, an emergency is declared to exist and this act shall take effect and be in force immediately."

A SENSIBLE CHOICE.

The School Children of Forks Vote Their Choice of Papers.

FORKS, Wash., Feb. 25.—To the Editor—Dear Sir: I herewith enclose school report of district, No. 10 (Forks). The school was permitted to choose the paper by ballot which would be requested to publish their report. Your paper received all the votes, except one. You are therefore requested to comply with the wishes of the children.

Yours, D. A. CHRISTOPHER.

The following is a partial report of school district, No. 10 (Forks), for the term ending February 21, 1895:

Total number enrolled	31
Average number belonging	24½
Average daily attendance	23
Per cent. of attendance	92

The following is the average grade received at the term examination;

FOURTH AND FIFTH GRADES.

J. A. Whittier	96
Henry Whittier	95
James Eaton	94
John Gustafson	83
J. O. Ford	91
Edward Andrews	90
Hugh Spencer	91
William Sprurill	94
Ruth Whittier	96
Iona Whittier	96
L. M. Whittier	95

THIRD GRADE.

Bessie Drabing	92
Alma Whittier	92
Blanch Drabing	91
Ollie Merchant	93
Ellen Merchant	87
Elma Peterson	92
George Eaton	89
Melvin Eaton	96
Percy Spencer	91

SECOND GRADE.

Myrtle Peterson	95
Miret N. Nelson	94

Those neither absent or tardy for term were Bessie Drabing and Melvin Eaton.

D. A. CHRISTOPHER, Teacher.

The morning services at the first Congregation church next Sunday will be devoted to the children. The pastor Rev. Jonas Bushell, will preach a sermon to the young folks, the subject of which will be, "Mousetraps and Mantraps."

In the fall of 1893 a son of Mr. T. A. McFarland, a prominent merchant of Live Oak, Sutter Co., Cal., was taken with a very heavy cold. The pains in his chest were so severe that he had spasms and was threatened with pneumonia. His father gave him several large doses of Chamberlain's Cough remedy which broke up the cough and cured him. Mr. McFarland says that whenever his children have croup he invariably gives them Chamberlain's Cough remedy and it always cures them. He considers it the best cough remedy in the market. For sale by J. C. Hansen, druggist.

A Cheap Power.

And at the same time a reliable power are the points to be sought for in purchasing an engine. With steam power a constant watch on the engine is necessary to prevent accidents, and the expense for engineer is a serious item against economy. The gas or gasoline engine is by far the cheapest power, as it will run all day without attention or fear of accident, and the cost is about two cents per hour for fuel per horse-power. For intermittent power the economy of gas over steam is beyond comparison. While these points of superiority are without question, it is important in selecting an engine to get the best; the best in the long run is the cheapest. Do not fail to investigate the striking advantages of the Hercules Gas and Gasoline Engines. Send for catalogue. If you want second-hand engines of other makes at cheap rates we can supply you. We have a number taken in trade, and cannot take any more until they are realized on. PALMER & REY TYPE FOUNDRY, Front and Alder streets, Portland, Oregon.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder
World's Fair Highest Medal and Diploma.

The Democrat-Leader,

OFFICIAL PAPER OF CLALLAM COUNTY.

Published every Friday at Port Angeles, Washington, by

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TERMS:

One Year	2.00
Six Months	1.00
Three months	.50
Single copies	.05

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WHAT CONGRESS HAS DONE.

The Fifty-third Congress has passed into history and its accomplishments leave a record some of the acts of which have the genuine stamp of reform legislation, while its action on other important public questions wofully failed to meet even the reasonable expectations of the rank and file of the Demecratic party and of the independent voter who voted for the dominant party sincerly believing that it could be implicitly entrusted to carry out the full measure of reform demanded and which it solemnly promised to inaugurate in the event of its succession to all branches of the national government.

The opportunity was given, but in many instances the Democratic party has shamefully betrayed the trust reposed in it. And right here it might not be irrelevant to add that the Republican party has resorted to every devise at command to obstruct the reform legislation proposed by the Democratic party, and has in a measure succeeded admirably.

What has the dominant party accomplished?

In the direction of tariff reform it has taken a long step forward.

The income tax has been added to the statutes, a just and wholesome law, which compels the rich as well as the poor to assume their proportion of the expenses of the government,

The unrighteous and iniquitous federal election law was defeated, which eloquently proclaims the Democratic party not to be in favor of bayonet domination at the polls.

The pernicious makeshift known as the Sherman silver purchasing act, was repealed.

A fatal mistake was made, and a dark spot indelibly recorded against the Democratic party in sugar and iron failing to be placed on the free list. For these broken promises a handful of Democratic senators, who proved susceptible to trust influence, are responsible. And the party was severely rebuked in the November elections for the treachery of a few of its hitherto trusted representatives.

At what terrible sacrific to public reputation and to party welfare these treacherous representatives have won selfish personal advantage.

The President's letter to Gen. Catchings explaining his unwillingness to approve of the tariff bill furnished a fitting epilogue to the tariff performance. Mr, Cleveland wrote: "I take my place with the rank and file of the Democratic party, who believe in tariff reform and who know what it is, who refuse to accept the results embodied in this bill as the close of the war, who are not blinded to the fact that the livery of Democratic tariff reform has been stolen and worn in the service of a Republican protection, and who have marked the place where the deadly blight of treason has blasted the counsels of the brave in their hour of might.

Referring more particularly to the triumph of the trusts, Mr. Cleveland wrote: "The trusts and combinations—the communism of pelf—whose machinations have prevented us from reaching the success we deserve, should not be forgotten nor forgiven. We shall recover from our astonishment at their exhibition of power, and if then the question is forced upon us whether they shall submit to the free legislative will of the peoples representatives or shall dictate the laws which the people must obey, we will accept and settle that issue as one involving the integeity and safety of American institutions."

While the Democratic party temporarily suffers defeat and humiliation through the perfidious and dishonorable action of some of its representatives, it has accomplished much in the direction of reform legislation, which the people will come to appreciate and approve as time rolls on.

THE infamous plot to defeat the will of the people and to deny county treasurer Maple of King county the right to occupy the office to which he has been elected happily fails. The commissioners of that county have been forced to recede from the reprehensible position they had so unworthily maintained, in the acceptance of the bonds of the treasurer-elect, which were adequate and abundant security for the amount involved. Again right scores a glorious triumph.

THE railroad bill suffers defeat. The farmers of Eastern Washington have hoped and petitioned the Republican plutocratic legislature of this state in vain for relief from extortionate freight rates. A bill was introduced, passed the house but encountered defeat in the senate. The farmers of Eastern Washington are safely in the hands of their old-time friend—the grand old Republican party—and surely no harm will come to them.

STRANGELY as it may seem the delinquent taxpayer has been afforded relief. The bill which has passed the senate is simply a relief measure, and applies only to the delinquent taxpayer, affording him a limited period within which to pay his overdue taxes, in the event of which penalty and interest will be remitted.

MISS ANNA GOULD marries a French count and the count captures a fortune. Who wins most?

CONGRESS has adjourned. As a confusion of ideas it was a dazzling success.

THE price of "Trilby" is declining. The "craze" must be on the wane.

LEGISLATIVE NOTES.

A Few Things of Minor Importance the Legislature Has Accomplished.

These bills passed both houses during the past week, and are in the hands of the governor:

S. B. 70., by McManus—Validating articles of incorporation for a college, seminary, church, library, or benevolent, charitable, scientific society, under the code of Washington of 1881, where not sworn to by the trustees or been filed with the auditor where the chief place of business of the corporation is located, or defective in other minor details.

S. B. 84, by McManus—Enabling counties, cities, towns and school districts to validate warrants and other obligations, and evidences of indebtedness by vote of the people, when the ground of invalidity is that at the time of the attempted incurring of the debt it exceeded one and one-half per centum of the taxable property.

S. B. 138, by Easterday—Defining the duties of sheriffs, constables, coroners upon the expiration of their terms of office, and ascribes their duties and validates the acts of their successors.

S. B. 200, by Campbell of Pierce—A law for the relief of Tacoma in her city water works embroglio, but is applicable, of course, to any other first class city.

S. B. 208, by Taylor—Defining public nuisances.

S. B. 207, by Taylor—Fixing a fine of $500 as punishment for having erected, contrived, caused, continued, maintained suffered or permitted any public nuisance to the injury of any part of the citizens of the state.

S. B. 293, by Wilson—Appropriating $20,000 additional for expenses of the fourth session of the Washington legislature.

S. B. 298, by Ide—Preventing the officers of the state or the official head of any institution from expending any sum in excess of the amount appropriated by law.

S. B. 312, by committee on constitutional revision—Allow the selection by a vote the people, in cities of the first class, of fifteen freeholders, residents for at least two years, to prepare a new charter.

H. B. 5, by Bush—Making it lawful for persons entitled to purchase tide lands planted with oysters to survey the same, not exceeding 100 acres, filing copies with the county auditor and commissioner of public lands, the survey being under direction of the state land commissioners. Purchases can then be made at $1.25 per acre, one-fourth down, balance in three equal annual payments, at 8 per cent.

H. B. 91, by McArdle of King—Making it obligatory for the owners of shingle mills to protect every knot saw used by a metallic saw guard, so constructed so as to insure a reasonable amount of safety to the sawyer, making a failure a fineable offense, subject to $100 fine.

H. B. 119, by Conner—Amending section 18 of an act approved March 19, 1890, providing for printing and distributing ballots, the same being section 380 of volume 1, Hill's code, so that the clerk of the board of county commissioners of each county shall provide for each election precinct two ballots for every elector who voted at the last preceding election; that he shall increase the number if he has knowledge of an increase in voters, and that in municipal elections it is the duty of the municipal clerk to provide ballots as specified above.

H. B. 133, by Albertson, of King—Allowing school districts to validate and ratify their indebtedness incurred for strictly school district purposes, when it does not exceed 5 per cent. of the value of the taxable property in such district, by vote of the people. A three-fifths vote is necessary.

H. B. 162, by Miles—Amending section 446, chapter 7, title 8, volume 1, Hill's code, fixing fees of officers of election as follows: To the inspectors, judges, and clerks of election, $2 per day; the person carrying the returns to the county auditor, 5 cents per mile for each mile traveled.

H. B. 171, by Bush—Making it unlawful to dredge for the purpose of taking oysters from the natural oyster beds in the waters of and within the state except under the supervision of the state or United States government for experimental or scientific purposes.

At the Council.

The council met in regular session last Wednesday evening, all members present.

It was ordered that the street committee inspect Tumwater Hill, and repair same if necessary.

Councilman Shelton reported that the bill for renovating the city jail amounted to $15; ordered paid.

A resolution, expressing the sense of the council as to the duties of the city attorney, was adopted.

An ordinance regulating the sale of intoxicating liquors was referred to the ordinance committee.

Councilman rockett report ed that he had seen Justice Carusi as instructed by the council, and Mr. Carusi had informed him that would be impossible for him to spare room in his office for the city engineer.

W. H. Brown, the undertaker, made a proposition to the council, the sense of which was that he would take care of the city cemetery for a percentage on the proceeds of lots sold.

New Townships Opened.

SEATTLE, Wash., March 1st, 1895.

To whom it may concern:

Notice is hereby given that Townships 29 North, Ranges 4 and 7 West have been surveyed and that the plat of said survey will be filed in this office on the 18th day of April, 1895, at the hour of 9 o'clock a. m., and that on and after said date this office will be prepared to receive application to entry of land in said townships.

WM. D. O'TOOLE, Register.

For Sale.

Rustic, flooring and rough lumber can own be purchased of Thos. Malony, Receiver, at extremely low prices. See him.

How's This!

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Props., Toledo, O.

We the undersigned have known F. J Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transaction and financially able to carry out any obligation made by their firm.

WEST & TRUAX, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

WALDING, KINNAN & MARVIN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Price 75c. per bottle. Sold by all Druggists. Testimonials free.

How to Cure Rheumatism.

ARAGO, Coos Co., Or., Nov. 10.—I wish to inform you of the great good Chamberlain's pain balm has done my wife. She has been troubled with rheumatism of the arms and hands for six months, and has tried many remedies prescribed for that complaint but found no relief until she used this Pain balm; one bottle of which has completely cured her. I take pleausure in recommending it for that trouble. Yours truly, C. A. BULLORD. 50 cent and one dollar bottles for sale by J. C. Hansen, druggist.

Minerva Dentine cleanses and preserves the teeth.

For Sale by J. C. Hansen, Druggist.

PORT ANGELES BAKERY

. . . . . AND LUNCH ROOM

NEXT TO POSTOFFICE.

BREAD . . . . . .

. . . . CAKES . . . . . .

. . . . . AND PIES . .

WEDDING CAKES MADE TO ORDER.

D. R. BURNESS, Proprietor.

Seattle Prices

At Shield's Grocery Store. We are now prepared to supply families or restaurants with anything in the grocery line at Seattle prices.

Delivered Free

Of charge. When you buy goods of us you do not have to carry them home or pay freight on them. Give us a trial.

Shields' Grocery

TAX NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that the tax rolls for the year 1894, are now in my possession, that all County and City taxes are now due and payable at the Treasurer's office in Port Angeles, Clallam County, Wash. If taxes are paid before February 15th, 1895, a rebate of 2 per cent. is allowed; from February 15th to April 1st, full amount must be paid, and on April 1st, all unpaid taxes become delinquent, and a penalty of 5 per cent. is added and interest on that amount until paid, at the rate of 20 per cent. per annum. Statement of taxes will be furnished by Treasurer upon application.

Persons desiring a statement or to pay taxes must describe their property. No warrants will e accepted on taxes.

A. B. DORSEY,
Treasurer of Clallam County.

No. 964.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

Henry Fuhrman and Emma Gardner, Plaintiffs.

vs.

The Puget Sound Co-Operative Colony, a corporation, and R. C. Wilson, its Receiver. Defendants.

State of Washington, County of Clallam, ss.

Under and by virtue of an order of sale issued out of the Superior Court of the State of Washington, in and for the county of Clallam dated the 23rd day of January, 1895, in a certain action wherein Henry Fuhrman and Emma Gardner, plaintiffs in said action, recovered judgment against the Puget Sound Co-Operative Colony, a corporation, and R. C. Wilson, its Receiver, defendants therein, for the sum of four thousand, eight hundred and fifty-six ($4,856.00) dollars, and fourteen ($14.00) dollars cost of suit, and accruing costs, on the 23rd day of January, 1895, I have levied upon the following described property, as property of said defendants, to-wit:

Lots two (2) and three (3), in section seven (7), of township thirty (30), north of range six (6), west of Willamette Meridian, and the south east quarter (s e qr) of section twelve (12), in township thirty (30), north of range seven (7), West of Willamette Meridian, all in Clallam County, State of Washington.

Notice is hereby given that on Saturday, the 2nd day of March, 1895, at the hour of 10 o'clock in the forenoon of said day, at the north front door of the Court house, in the City of Port Angeles said county, I will sell all the above-described property, or so much thereof as may be necessary, at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to satisfy said judgment, costs and accruing costs.

DIRECTORY.

State Officials.

Governor	John H McGraw
Lieutenant-Governor	F H Luce
Secretary of State	James Price
Treasurer	O A Bowen
Auditor	L R Grimes
Attorney-General	W C Jones
Supt. Public Instraction	C W Bean
Commissioner of Public Lands	W T Forrest
State Printer	O C White
Surveyor-General	T H Cavanaugh
U S Senators	Watson C Squire, John B Allen
Representatives in Congress	W H Doolittle, S. C. Hyde

Clallam County Officials.

Judge of Superior Court	James G McClinton
Auditor	John W Troy
Treasurer	A B Dorsey
Clerk	A A Richardson
Sheriff	Walter J Dyke
Assessor	John Cook
Surveyor	E A Fitzhenry
Attorney	James Stewart
Game Warden	J. N. Griffith, Dungeness

COMMISSIONERS	ADDRESS
Merrill Whittier, 1st Dist	Quillayute
T M Graybill, 2nd Dist	Port Angeles
George Knapman, 3d Dist	Dungeness

City Officials.

Mayor	C E Mallette
Clerk	Thad Wagner
Treasurer	L R Cole
Engineer	A Judson Adams
Attorney	H B Willson
Marshal	Frank Dustman
Health Officer	Dr. W T Strother
Electric Light Manager	Frank Hall
Street Commissioner	Charles Gilmor

COUNCILMEN.

R R Harding	Councilman-at-Large
J W Stewart	First Ward
H B Crockett	Second Ward
F O Lamoreux	Third Ward
T M Graybill	Fourth Ward
Donald Munro	Fifth Ward
H C Shelton	Sixth Ward

SOCIETIES.

I. O. O. F.

Clallam Lodge No. 72 meets every Thursday night at eight o'clock at its hall over the Post office. All visiting brothers are cordially invited to attend.

W. W. MCGEORGE, N. G.
FRANK MERRITT, Sec.

A. F. & A. M.

Meets every second and fourth Tuesday of each month in Masonic hall. Visiting brethren are cordially invited.

WM. BANKS, W. M.
C. H. PRESCOTT, Sec.

Caledonian Club.

Meets every Wednesday evening at 7:30, in McInnes & Campbell's office, over First National Bank.

WM. RITCHIE, Chief
D. CAMPBELL, Sec

Gen. John W. Noble Camp, No. 28. S of V

Meets every Thursday at 8 o'clock in the G A R hall. Visitors in good standing cordially invited.

J. W. FOWLER, Captain
WALTER A. GAY, Sargent

I. O. O. F.

Home Lodge No. 82 meets every Monday at 7:30 p. m. at Odd Fellows' Hall over postoffice.

W. L. ADAMS, Sec. J. F. LONG, N. G.

Pacific Post No. 48, G. A. R.

Meets every first and third Friday nights in each month in the Masonic hall.

R. R. HARDING, Post Com.
J. W. STEWART, Adjutant.

Scandinavian Society Norden

Meets every Saturday at 7:30 p. m. at Norden's hall, cor 5th and Lincoln streets. Scandinavian visitors are cordially invited.

J. CHRISTENSEN, Pres.
P. A. PETERSEN, Sec'y.

I. O. G. T.

Gate City Lodge No. 27, meets every Wednesday evening at 7:30 in Odd Fellows' Hall, over the post-office.

A. P. JEWETT, C. T.
WALTER MILLER, Sec'y.

Improved O. R. M.

Clallam Tribe No. 4 meets every Monday evening at 7:30 p. m. at Masonic Hall. Visiting brothers are cordially invited to attend.

S. W. MAXWELL, S
J. M. ALBRECHT, C. of R.

Knights of Pythias.

Gate City Lodge No. 65 meets every Wednesday evening at Masonic Hall. Visiting Knights are cordially invited to attend.

L. R. COLE, C. C.
GEO. MEAGHER, K. of R. and S.

Port Angeles Fire Department.

The Port Angeles Fire Department meets the first Thursday of every month in the fire hall at 8 p. m.

JOSEPH PEARSON, Chief.
C. W. SINNOTT, Secretary.

Knights of Labor.

Port Angeles Lodge, Local Assembly No. 2699, meets every Tuesday at 7:30 p. m., at McDonald's Hall

E. E. SEEVERS, W. M.
E. BURNS, Sec.

Order of Eastern Star

Meets the second and fourth Saturday of each month at Masonic hall.

MRS. CECELIA LAND, W. M.
STEPHEN LAND, Sec.

W. R. C.

Pacific Corps No. 21, meets every first and third Saturday afternoon at 2 o'clock in G. A. R. hall. Visitors in good standing are cordially invited.

MRS. MARY PHELPS, Pres.
MRS. ELLA PLACE, Sec.

O. D. H. S.

Port Angeles German Lodge No. 3 meets every Thursday at 7:30 p. m. at hall on Eighth and Peabody streets.

A. AHLVERS, Pres. GEO. WUNDERLICH, Sec.

A. O. U. W.

Port Angeles Lodge No. 59 meets every Friday evening at Odd Fellows' hall, over postoffice.

HENRY MCGUIRE, M. W.
A. R. PRINGLE, Recorder.

Mountain View Rebekah Lodge

No. 34 meets every second and fourth Saturday of each month at I. O. O. F. Hall.

MRS. W. L. ADAMS, N. G.
HERMAN CULVER, Sec.

Clallam County Horticultural Society

Regular meetings of the Society will be held the first Saturday in each month. All who take an interest in horticulture invited to join.

DR. E. H. STANLEY, Pres.
A. LINGHAM, Secretary.

Equal Suffrage League

Meets in City Hall every Tuesday afternoon at 2:30 p. m. All persons interested are earnestly invited to attend.

MRS. LIZZIE HAYNES, Pres.

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